Self-Paced Learning Module Catalog

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http://translearning.org
http://tln.learnflex.net

TRANSPORTATION LEARNING NETWORK
A partnership with MDT•NDDOT•SDDOT•WYDOT
and the Mountain-Plains Consortium Universities
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Learning Hours</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATSSA: Safe Installation and Removal of Temporary Traffic Control Devices</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>This course describes methods to safely install and remove Temporary Traffic Control (TTC) devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATSSA: Work Zone Safety Performance Measures</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>This training covers how to develop work zone performance measures, the rationale for using performance measures for work zone safety, and performance measurement technology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bridge Construction Inspection: Heavy Equipment</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>The Bridge Construction Inspection Heavy Equipment training presents the various types of heavy equipment used on bridge construction sites. The purpose, major parts, and safety tips are described for the following equipment: bulldozers, scrapers, dump trucks, loaders, backhoe excavators, trackhoe excavators, motor graders, cranes, forklifts, cherry pickers and personnel lifts.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bridge Site Safety Worker Orientation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>The Bridge Site Safety Worker Orientation discusses the safety responsibilities and potential hazards on bridge construction sites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handling and Storage of Reinforcing Steel</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>This training module will give you a better understanding of how to identify, handle and store both treated and untreated reinforcing steel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to NDDOT Construction Automated Records System (CARS)</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>This software demonstration provides an introduction ad overview to the North Dakota Department of Transportation’s Construction Automated Records System (CARS). This training includes Rights and Login, Navigation, Project Diary, Pay Quantity, Progressive Estimate, Contract Adjustment and Change Order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microwave and Oven Methods of Drying Soils</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>This module covers the process of determining the total moisture content of a soil using a microwave or an oven. Each section explains when you would normally use the method, the equipment you need for that particular method, and how to conduct the procedure. It also shows how to calculate and record the moisture content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proctor Test</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>This module covers the process of determining the maximum dry density and optimum moisture content of soils using AASHTO T 180 Method A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proctor Test Short Version</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>This module covers the process of determining the maximum dry density and optimum moisture content of soils using AASHTO T 180 Method A. It is a shorter version of the Proctor Test module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reducing Aggregate Samples</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>This course covers mechanical splitting and quartering of aggregates, including information on sampling, particle and sieve sizes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber-Balloon Test</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>This module will give the learner a basic understanding of the Rubber-Balloon test. The Rubber-Balloon test results and moisture content of the soil are used to verify the acceptability of the contractor’s compactive effort, so it is recommended learners also complete the Speedy Moisture and Proctor modules.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sand Cone Test
Learning Hours = 1

This module covers the process used to measure the in-place density of compacted soil using the Sand Cone test.

Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates
Learning Hours = 1

This module covers the test method to determine the particle size distribution of fine and coarse aggregates by sieving. It includes:

- Why you perform the Sieve Analysis
- Equipment used
- Obtaining the sample
- Conducting the test
- Calculating the particle size distribution of fine and coarse aggregates by sieving
- Resources including an example aggregate form and links to useful websites

Speedy Moisture Test
Learning Hours = .5

This module covers the process of measuring the moisture content of soils using the Speedy Moisture test. The module is based on a 26-gram test.

Wash Test
Learning Hours = 1

This module covers the test method to determine the amount of material finer than the #200 sieve in aggregate by washing. It includes:

- Why you perform the Wash Test
- Equipment used
- Obtaining the sample
- Conducting the test
- Calculating the material passing the number 200 sieve
- Resources including an example form and links to useful websites

Personal Protective Equipment
Learning Hours = 1

Employees are provided required standards for personal protective equipment. The presentation addresses U.S. DOT, OSHA and ANSI guidance and standards regarding types of protective equipment the appropriate or required situations for using the various type of protective equipment.

Road Safety 365: A Safety Course for Local Governments Series

Module 1: The Need for Road Safety
Learning Hours = 1

This module identifies the need for road safety and the importance of identifying the dangers on road safety to protect the driving public. The seven goals in North Dakota’s 2010 Strategic Highway Safety Plan are outlined.

Module 2: Making Roads Safer
Learning Hours = 1

This module describes how to make roads safer using a six-step process. Strategies to accomplish each step are outlined.

Module 3: Planning for Safety
Learning Hours = .5

This module explains how to plan for safety within each stage of road development as well as routine maintenance activities. Funding sources are identified to help public works supervisors, elected officials, and local safety committees improve road safety.

Seal Coat Series

This series on Seal Coat was presented by Tom Wood in a video conference in January 2013. The modules provided attendees with an overview of current best practices for seal coat operations, including how to design and inspect a seal coat operation.

TC3 3D Engineered Models for Construction Series

Module 1: Introduction to 3D Engineered Models for Highway Transportation
Learning Hours = 2

This module introduces 3D engineered modeling and explains how advanced 3D engineered modeling offers improvements over traditional 2D methods to deliver projects within schedule and budget with better quality from concept to completion.

Module 2: Surveying and 3D Engineered Models
Learning Hours = 2

Explains how 3D engineered modeling utilizes improved survey technologies for efficient design and construction.

Module 3: 3D Engineered Models in Highway Design
Learning Hours = 2

Explains how advanced 3D engineered modeling enables intelligent design analysis, improves quality, and expedites downstream deliverables.
Module 4: Applications of 3D Engineered Models in Highway Construction and Quality Assurance
Learning Hours = 2

Explains how 3D engineered modeling expedites concept to completion, reduces rework, increases safety, and decreases risk.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: R 60
Learning Hours = .5

The Standard Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete is explained in this course. This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 23
Learning Hours = .5

The Standard Method of Test for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field is explained in this course. This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 30
Learning Hours = 1

This course explains and demonstrates how to perform the Standard Method of Test for Mechanical Analysis of Extracted Aggregate (AASHTO Designation: T 30).

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 119
Learning Hours = .5

The Standard Method of Test for Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete is explained in this course. This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 121
Learning Hours = 1

The Standard Method of Test for Density (Unit Weight), Yield, and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete is explained in this course. This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 152
Learning Hours = 1

The Standard Method of Test for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method is explained in this course. This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 166
Learning Hours = 1

This course explains and demonstrates how to perform the Standard Method of Test for Bulk Specific Gravity (Gmb) of Compacted Asphalt Mixtures Using Saturated Surface-Dry Specimens (AASHTO Designation: T 166).

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 209
Learning Hours = 2

This course explains and demonstrates how to perform the standard method test for theoretical maximum specific gravity and density of hot mix asphalt (HMA). This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 283
Learning Hours = 2

This course explains and demonstrates how to perform the standard method test for the resistance of compacted asphalt mixtures to moisture-induced damage. This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 309
Learning Hours = .5

The Standard Method of Test for Temperature of Freshly Mixed Portland Cement Concrete is explained in this course. This includes all of the steps to prepare for, conduct, and report findings of this test.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 128
Learning Hours = .5

Preparing and Determining the Density of Asphalt Mixture Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyratory Compactor explains how to perform all of the necessary set-up procedures, complete the steps in the test method, make all necessary calculations, and complete the documentation required to prepare and determine the density of an asphalt mixture using the Superpave gyratory compactor.

TC3 AASHTO Designation: T 312
Learning Hours = 2

Explains the importance of asphalt content. It also describes the equipment needed to perform the test procedure, shows how to perform the ignition furnace test procedure (both Method A - internal balance and Method B - external balance), and instructs how to calculate and apply the correction factors.

TC3 Advanced Self-Consolidating Concrete
Learning Hours = 1.5

This training will cover the basic characteristics of self-consolidating concrete as well as advantages of using SCC as compared to conventional concrete. In addition, it will discuss SCC’s composition and proportioning as well as fresh and hardened properties. Finally, we will review specific examples where SCC has been used as well as the details of SCC use in slipform paving.

TC3 Aggregate Sampling Basics
Learning Hours = 1

The Aggregate Sampling Basics course will cover the importance of proper sampling, why we need to sample aggregate, and why we need special procedures to do so. You will learn how to obtain a proper sample that will accurately represent the materials by utilizing sampling principles and preferred methods.
TC3 Basic Construction Surveying
Learning Hours = 3

This training serves as a review of the basics of construction surveying. The important surveying tasks involved in this work and the surveying procedures to be followed are described in this course. This training is divided into three modules: Basic Surveying Concepts; Measurement and Construction Surveying; and Survey Mathematics.

TC3 Basics of Concrete
Learning Hours = .5

This course provides an overall introduction to concrete as well as considerations in fresh concrete, including concrete strength, density, and durability.

TC3 Basic Materials for Highway Structure Construction
Learning Hours = 3

Although there are a number of materials used in the construction and maintenance process for both highways and structures, this course is focused on the three basic materials. They are aggregate, Portland cement concrete (PCC), and hot mix asphalt (HMA). The course modules will address the procedures used in the production and sampling of aggregates.

TC3 Benchmarking and Best Practices for State Equipment Fleet Management
Learning Hours = 2.5

This course discusses how to create a group of performance metrics to track based upon what's important in an agency's long-range strategy. This course also covers topics such as developing performance metric targets, measurement techniques, internal and external benchmarking, performance gaps, limitations of benchmarking, and benchmarking best practices.

TC3 Best Practices for High Friction Surfaces
Learning Hours = 3

This course focuses on the best practices involved in the application of high friction surface treatments (HFSTs) on pavements that can dramatically reduce crashes, injuries, and fatalities associated with friction demand issues, such as during wet conditions.

TC3 Bloodborne Pathogens
Learning Hours = 1

This course covers the basics of bloodborne pathogen safety and the techniques you can use to prevent any contamination, disease, or injury from occurring. In addition to covering safe work practices, this course will provide steps to take in case of bloodborne pathogen exposure.

TC3 Bolted Connections
Learning Hours = 4

Bolting is a common method of making connections and care should be exercised in their design, installation, and maintenance. This course is divided into two modules: installation and inspection. For both modules, it is suggested that participants have a basic familiarity with construction and mechanical principles.

TC3 Bridge Cleaning
Learning Hours = 1

This course was developed to give the user a better understanding of the cleaning methods appropriate for the removal of debris and chemicals, natural or manufactured, that can accumulate on a bridge. This course describes how to plan and execute a bridge cleaning operation considering best practices and introduces participants to environmental protection, maintenance of traffic, and safety requirements.

TC3 Bridge Construction Inspection Safety
Learning Hours = 1

This course covers three topics: safety responsibility, personal protective equipment (PPE), and potential hazards. The course references OSHA and ANSI safety standards. Two important areas covered include communication and inspector authority.

TC3 Bridge Preservation Guide
Learning Hours = 1.5

This course follows the Bridge Preservation Guide that was developed for Federal, State, and local bridge engineers, bridge owners, and bridge preservation practitioners to support the Federal-aid Highway Program. The Bridge Preservation Guide: Maintaining a Resilient Infrastructure to Preserve Mobility was created because many State DOTs, local agencies, and other bridge owners face significant challenges in addressing the needs of their aging infrastructure.

TC3 CDL Series

Air Brakes
Learning Hours = 1.5

This training has been designed for those interested in commercial driver’s license (CDL) air brake systems. This training discusses the parts of an air brake system, dual air brake systems, how to inspect your air brake system, and how to effectively use your air brake system.

General Knowledge
Learning Hours = 3

This training was designed for those interested in general commercial driver’s license (CDL) knowledge. This training contains the general knowledge and safe driving information that all commercial drivers should know.
Pre-Trip Inspection
Learning Hours = 2

This is a basic course in the area of commercial driver’s license (CDL) pre-trip inspection. This training covers the different parts of a vehicle that you would check before a trip. We'll approach the different parts of the vehicle in the order that we would in a standard pre-trip inspection.

TC3 Change Orders, Claims, and Dispute Resolutions
Learning Hours = 1

Highway construction contracts often require modification due to scope changes, differing site conditions, and a number of other reasons. Administration of changes and/or claims can result in a dispute. Some contracts have a dispute resolution process specified to facilitate timely administration of the issue.

TC3 Chip Seal Best Practices
Learning Hours = 3

The Chip Seal Best Practices course assists in the development and implementation of pavement preservation programs by identifying the benefits of using chip seal as part of a preventive maintenance program. This course has six modules: Introduction into Chip Seals, Designing Chip Seal Mixes, Selecting the Proper Materials for the Chip Seal Mix, Use of Equipment, Proper Construction Practices and Performance Measures of Chip Seals.

TC3 Clean Water Act Compliance During Construction (Section 404)
Learning Hours = 1.5

This course covers the requirements of Section 404 of the CWA specifically as they pertain to construction activities in a manner that is accessible and understandable to non-environmental personnel. Recognizing potential non-compliance issues and how to deal with them is also covered.

TC3 Compaction Technician Basics
Learning Hours = 1

This course covers the fundamental concepts related to compaction, including safety, soil basics, and basic operation of gauges, as well as introduction to compaction theory. This course is not intended to be used for certification purposes, but it instead intended to be a primer for those technicians and inspectors preparing for involvement in compaction activities and agency-specific training programs.

Early Age Cracking
Learning Hours = 1

Cracks are not a problem as long as they are controlled through jointing; ideally the concrete will crack below the saw joint to relieve the stress. Uncontrolled random cracks are not aesthetically acceptable and can reduce ride quality, durability, and particularly load transfer. Early cracking in this module is defined as those cracks that occur before the concrete is open to public traffic. In this module, we will be talking about early age cracking. Primarily, why does it occur and how can it be eliminated or at least controlled?

Fresh Concrete Properties
Learning Hours = 1

This module covers the properties of fresh concrete needed to produce high-quality, long lasting pavements and how to monitor these properties.

Fundamentals of Materials Used for Concrete Pavements
Learning Hours = 2

The materials used in Portland cement concrete play an extremely valuable role in the performance of the concrete. This training covers both the non-reactive and reactive materials used in Portland cement concrete. This would include the aggregates, curing compound, reinforcement, and the materials that are chemically reactive.

Hardened Concrete Properties - Durability
Learning Hours = 1

Durability as a property of hardened concrete is essential for long-lasting pavements. This workshop discusses factors that contribute to durable concrete and covers permeability, frost resistance, sulfate resistance, alkali silica attack, and a brief look at abrasion resistance.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Incompatibility in Concrete Pavement Systems</th>
<th>TC3 Construction Inspection of Structures Series</th>
<th>TC3 Construction Inspector Orientation</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Learning Hours = 1</td>
<td>Subsurface</td>
<td>Learning Hours = 1.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>The materials used in Portland cement</td>
<td>Subsurface</td>
<td>A construction inspector serves as</td>
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<td>concrete play an extremely valuable role</td>
<td>The Subsurface course is the first course in</td>
<td>the eyes and ears for the contracting</td>
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<td>in the performance of the concrete.</td>
<td>the Construction Inspection of Structures</td>
<td>agency on a construction project. It</td>
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<td>This training covers the incompatibilities</td>
<td>Series. This course provides an overview</td>
<td>is the inspector’s responsibility to</td>
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<td>of materials used in Portland cement</td>
<td>of the subsurface and foundation-related</td>
<td>ensure that proper construction</td>
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<td>concrete. Although certain materials may</td>
<td>features of structures that need to be</td>
<td>processes and procedures are</td>
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<td>be perfectly acceptable on their own,</td>
<td>monitored and inspected during construction.</td>
<td>followed, and acceptable</td>
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<td>when they are combined they are not</td>
<td>The focus is on the inspection of structures</td>
<td>materials are incorporated into the</td>
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<td>compatible with each other. This can</td>
<td>specifically related to the geotechnical</td>
<td>project. This course covers the</td>
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<td>cause early stiffening, retardation,</td>
<td>“connection” between the structure and earth.</td>
<td>primary duties of an inspector, as</td>
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<td>cracking, and the lack of a quality of air</td>
<td></td>
<td>well as some of the basic knowledge</td>
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<td>void system.</td>
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<td>an inspector needs in his or her daily</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>tasks.</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Mix Design Principles</strong></td>
<td>**TC3 Construction of Mechanically</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Learning Hours = 1</td>
<td>Stabilized Earth (MSE) Walls**</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Mix Design Principles</strong></td>
<td>This module discusses mix design and mix</td>
<td>Learning Hours = 5</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Mix Design Principles</strong></td>
<td>proportioning. Mix design is the process of</td>
<td>The Construction of Mechanically</td>
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<td>Learning Hours = 1</td>
<td>choosing the characteristics we are</td>
<td>Stabilized Earth (MSE) Walls course</td>
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<td></td>
<td>looking for in the concrete mixture. Mix</td>
<td>contains 10 modules, and begins with</td>
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<td></td>
<td>proportioning, on the other hand, involves</td>
<td>an overview of what MSE walls are,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>taking the information provided by the mix</td>
<td>how they work, and how they are</td>
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<td></td>
<td>design process and using that information</td>
<td>constructed. The need for inspection</td>
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<td></td>
<td>to determine the Portland cement concrete</td>
<td>is emphasized throughout this course.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>mix that will achieve the best possible</td>
<td>This course will also help participants</td>
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<td></td>
<td>durability, strength, constructability,</td>
<td>understand what is considered in a</td>
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<td></td>
<td>economy, and uniformity.</td>
<td>design and what information is</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>QCQA for Concrete Pavements</strong></td>
<td>contained in a geotechnical report.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>QCQA for Concrete Pavements</strong></td>
<td>Learning Hours = 1</td>
<td>Roles of the inspector/engineer and</td>
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<td>Learning Hours = 1</td>
<td>This module covers an overview of quality</td>
<td>contractor are discussed along with</td>
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<td></td>
<td>control/quality assurance (QC/QA) concepts</td>
<td>relevant safety procedures. This</td>
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<td>and definitions. It does not provide</td>
<td>course also familiarizes participants</td>
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<td></td>
<td>sufficient detail to actually develop a</td>
<td>with typical project drawings and</td>
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<td></td>
<td>comprehensive QC/QA plan.</td>
<td>typical specifications. Finally,</td>
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<td><strong>Troubleshooting for Concrete Pavements</strong></td>
<td>inspection requirements and methods</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Troubleshooting for Concrete Pavements</strong></td>
<td>Learning Hours = 1</td>
<td>are presented.</td>
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<td>Learning Hours = 1</td>
<td>This module covers using the information</td>
<td><strong>TC3 Construction of PCC Pavement</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>available in the Integrated Materials and</td>
<td>Series**</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Construction Practices for Concrete</td>
<td>Learning Hours = 2.5</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Pavement (IMCP) Manual to identify and</td>
<td>This training covers line/grade and</td>
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<td></td>
<td>diagnose problems related to concrete</td>
<td>pavement foundations, slipform paving,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>pavement pre- and post-construction and</td>
<td>including reinforcement, PCC</td>
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<td>to develop a plan to address the problems.</td>
<td>placement, texturing, and</td>
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<td>troubleshooting, and fixed form paving,</td>
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<td>including placing operations and form</td>
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<td>removal.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## TC3 Construction Safety Series

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
**Learning Hours = 1**

A construction site can be a prime location for many types of accidents. As such, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires employers to protect their employees from workplace hazards.

### Recognition and Avoidance of Unsafe Conditions
**Learning Hours = .5**

If it were always possible to recognize and avoid unsafe conditions, there would never be another construction accident. Alas, even though we often learn the obvious lessons rather quickly (it hurts when you fall off a ladder), sometimes it takes decades to discover that things we assumed were safe are deadly (such as asbestos).

### Scaffolding Safety
**Learning Hours = .5**

This course focuses on scaffolding safety on the jobsite. Scaffolds are temporary, elevated platforms that construction workers use for working safely at elevations. An estimated 2.3 million construction workers, or 65% of the construction industry, work on scaffolds frequently. There are many types of scaffolds, each of which has advantages and disadvantages.

### Electrical Safety
**Learning Hours = .5**

Employees face many electrical dangers in their daily work. Electrical shock from tools, overhead power lines, and lightning are just some of the threats faced by workers while out in the field. This course will help you recognize these dangers and teach you valuable information to help prevent on the job electrical accidents.

### Fall Protection
**Learning Hours = 1**

This course focuses on protecting workers from falls. In the United States construction industry, falls are the leading cause of on-the-job deaths. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) recognizes that accidents involving falls are generally complex events frequently involving a variety of factors. Consequently, the standard for fall protection deals with both the human and equipment-related issues in protecting workers from fall hazards.

### TC3 Construction Stormwater Field Guide Training
**Learning Hours = 5**

The information presented in this guide is based on techniques and control measures considered generally effective in many areas of the country. This guide is not meant to be a design manual or pollution prevention plan, nor is it meant to supersede, substitute, or make more stringent well-defined practices or regulatory standards. The information discussed in this guide provides information on installing and maintaining best management practices so that they are effective.

### TC3 Corrosion of Structures
**Learning Hours = 2**

This course explains what corrosion is, as well as how it applies to, and appears in, highway structures. Concrete and steel members are discussed, including prevention and corrosion mitigation measures for both.

### TC3 Critical Path Method (CPM) Scheduling
**Learning Hours = 2**

Critical path method (CPM) scheduling is a step-by-step project management technique for planning that defines critical and non-critical tasks with the goal of preventing delays to a project. This course focuses on what a CPM schedule is, some of the basic terms and concepts related to CPM scheduling, and how to build and develop a baseline schedule.

### TC3 Drilled Shaft Inspector Tutorial
**Learning Hours = 4**

The Drilled Shaft Inspector Tutorial provides training on the fundamental concepts of construction for those involved in the inspection of drilled shafts. This 4-hour WBT includes the following topics related to drilled shafts: Foundations; Drilled shaft types; Methods of construction; Construction equipment; and Tools. This course details the work of the inspector prior, during, and after completion of the drilled shaft construction process. Areas of focus include the inspector’s roles, functions, responsibilities, and levels of involvement at different phases of construction. Theoretical and actual drilled shaft concrete volumes calculation, post installation, load, and integrity tests, as well as other types of tests are also addressed in this course.

### TC3 Earthwork Series

#### Earth Materials as Engineering Materials
**Learning Hours = 1.5**

The Earth Materials as Engineering Materials is part of the Earthwork Series. This training is an overview of the basic properties of earth materials or soil and their engineering properties as they relate to construction. Soil is the product of mechanical and chemical weathering of rocks. Most naturally occurring soils consist of a mixture of assorted grains of different sizes and shapes.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Learning Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excavation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fill Placement</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grades and Grading</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Preparation</td>
<td>1.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>TC3 Environmental Predecessor Series</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Air Quality</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>This course provides an overview of the environmental predecessors related to air quality. It also reviews the specific elements of the air quality section of National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) documents, including conformity, the congestion management process, carbon monoxide traffic air quality analysis (TAQA), mobile source air toxics (MSAT) analyses, and particulate matter or carbon monoxide hot spot analyses.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Archaeology</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Archaeology is a field of study concerned with understanding human life from material remains. Compliance obligations require DOTs to consider project effects on archaeological sites and cemeteries. This training introduces discipline-specific environmental tasks (predecessors) along with the information required to initiate them.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Community Impact Assessment</td>
<td>.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>This course covers questions and answers, a regulatory background, acronyms related to community impacts, and elements of the community impact assessment. A review of triggers is also provided, along with an overview of technical reports, including necessary data and sources.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Noise</td>
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<tr>
<td>The purpose of this course is to document the information that’s required to complete a noise assessment. This module will review triggers and explain the various pieces of information needed for a noise assessment, including traffic, engineering, field data, and ambient noise readings.</td>
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<tr>
<td>TC3 Environmental Triggers Series</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air Quality Impacts</td>
<td>.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>This training covers frequently asked questions, provides a regulation background, defines common acronyms, and explains data needs, elements, triggers, and risk.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Archaeological</td>
<td>.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>This training serves as a guide to some of the requirements needed for project compliance regarding potential impacts to archaeological sites and cemeteries. This course does identify some requirements that need to be satisfied; however, it does not go into detail on how these requirements can be satisfied.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biological Resources</td>
<td>.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>This training will introduce you to a number of regulations that we must consider for every proposed project regulations meant to protect and preserve biological resources.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Community Impacts</td>
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<tr>
<td>Community impact assessments (CIAs) must be addressed in all environmental documents. First, this course answers the question: What is an environmental trigger? Next, this course goes into more detail about knowing what triggers are, knowing their significance, ensuring compliance, and eliminating or reducing project delays.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hazardous Materials</td>
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<tr>
<td>This course provides an overview of managing hazardous materials and highway management development. It focuses on triggers that would require action to address, specifically when dealing with hazardous materials problems on a highway project.</td>
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</table>
Noise Assessment
Learning Hours = .5

This course provides background information and explains why we’re concerned with triggers, as well as describing the ways in which noise can be mitigated.

Water Resources
Learning Hours = 1

The purpose of this training is to help raise awareness to water resource issues and how they affect you doing your job on a daily basis. Water resources are tied to water quality, which help to protect and restore the quality of our surface waters.

TC3 Erosion and Control Center
Learning Hours = 3.5

This course focuses on erosion and sediment control measures that are designed to prevent environmental damage caused by pollution prevention related to construction materials, equipment-operations, maintenance, and soil erosion and sedimentation from land development. The course also covers construction site stormwater runoff, which is regulated on the local level and at the state level, as well planning, design, and inspection of erosion and sediment control practices.

TC3 Establishing Core Equipment Complements and the Optimal Sizing of State Equipment Fleets
Learning Hours = 3

State DOTs utilize a variety of equipment to carry out their mission of providing safe, reliable, and efficient operation of highways and other agency operations. The precise composition of these fleets depends upon the State’s geography, population centers, the mission, and management policies of the department.

TC3 Ethics Awareness for Engineers
Learning Hours = 3

Ethics are moral values that affect personal or professional actions. They are more than a set of rules. Ethics are knowing how to apply the rules and having the strength or character to behave in an ethical manner. In short, they are the difference between right and wrong. This course focuses on ethics for professional engineers.

TC3 Ethics in the Transportation Industry
Learning Hours = 1

Not all State agencies’ codes of conduct are the same but they all demand similar ethical behavior of their employees. This training contains good practices from various agencies. The topics of discussion include conflict of interest, safety, fraud, falsification of documentation, reporting ethical concerns, gifts and favors, fairness, personal use of agency property, and consequences.

TC3 Field Environmental Emergency Compliance
Learning Hours = 1

Accidents and natural disasters can strike our highways and bridges at any time, causing damage that will have to be repaired at a moment’s notice. Sometimes the normal environmental planning procedure timelines cannot be followed and we have to act quickly to restore a bridge or highway. Even though we need to act quickly, we are still bound by the same environmental requirements as before and we need to try and coordinate with the appropriate agencies as quickly as possible.

TC3 Flagger Training
Learning Hours = 1

Being a flagger is the most important job on the work site. Careless use of the sign or distraction from duty could cause serious injury to workers or the motoring public. Performing flagger duties diligently can prevent traffic incidents in the work area.

TC3 Flexible Pavement Preservation Treatment Series

Chip Seals
Learning Hours = 1.5

Topics covered in this course include project selection, pavement and weather condition requirements, storage, traffic control, construction sequence, aggregate spreading distance, brooming, chip spreading process, distributor preparation, and troubleshooting.

Crack Sealing and Fillings
Learning Hours = 1.5

Topics covered in this course include working and non-working cracks, fatigue and longitudinal cracks, correct temperatures for crack sealant, crack repair sequence, hot sealant, and crack sealing or filling criteria.

Fog Seals
Learning Hours = 1

Topics covered in this course include uses of fog seals, suitable pavement surfaces, storage and handling of materials, application process, and problems and causation.

Introduction to Pavement Preservation
Learning Hours = 1

Topics discussed include pavement structure, distresses, and differentiating pavement preservation from preventive maintenance.

Localized Pavement Repairs
Learning Hours = 1.5

Topics covered in this course include pothole formation and edge failure, seal or fill decisions, construction of and problems with pothole patching, dig outs, edge repairs, skin patching, and capabilities and limitations of localized repairs.
**Materials**
Learning Hours = 2

Topics covered in this course include materials comprising maintenance treatments, emulsions, and aggregates.

**Micro-Surfacing**
Learning Hours = 1.5

Topics covered in this course include pavement and traffic condition considerations, construction, and troubleshooting.

**Selecting the Right Treatment**
Learning Hours = .5

Discusses the appropriate pavement preservation treatment(s) depending on given pavement and traffic conditions.

**Slurry Seals**
Learning Hours = 1.25

Topics covered in this course include reasons to use slurry seals, gradations of slurry seal aggregate, preparation and application process, and problems and solutions.

**Thin Functional HMA Overlay**
Learning Hours = 2

Topics covered in this course include proper usage, suitable pavement conditions, construction, and troubleshooting.

**Ultra-Thin HMA Bonded Wearing Course**
Learning Hours = 1

Topics covered in this course include usage, distresses, application considerations, construction, and troubleshooting.

**TC3 Full Depth Reclamation (FDR)**
Learning Hours = 4.5

Full depth reclamation (FDR) is a rehabilitation technique in which the full thickness of the asphalt pavement and a predetermined portion of the underlying materials (the base, subbase, and/or subgrade) is uniformly pulverized and blended to provide an upgraded, homogeneous material. This course will start with the basics of FDR and then move through pre-production and reclaiming to post-production activities. This course contains four modules: Introduction, Pre-production activities, Reclaiming the pavement, and Post-production activities.

**TC3 Fundamentals of Geosynthetic Materials**
Learning Hours = 4

This course provides an introduction to geosynthetic materials, including geosynthetic applications for transportation facilities, construction, and maintenance. It will also cover the types of functions geosynthetics perform, general construction procedures and inspection items for geosynthetic installations, appropriate material property and design parameter test methods for specific geosynthetic applications, and the need for site-specific monitoring or special inspection.

**TC3 GPS Technology**
Learning Hours = 1

GPS technology is becoming a commonly used tool for construction and maintenance. This course will provide the participant with a general understanding of GPS and the accuracy that can be obtained with this new technology. GPS is used for surveying, rough and fine grading, utility locations, excavation and grading, paving, and a number of other uses. In this course, the participant will learn what advantages are gained using this technology and how these advantages are transferred to government agencies and the end user. The understanding of GPS is essential to technicians when performing inspection and maintenance job functions.

**TC3 Guardrail Series**

**Guardrail Basics**
Learning Hours = 2

This course provides an introduction to guardrails, including their purpose, components, and considerations (for example, clear zones).

**Installation and Inspection of New Guardrails**
Learning Hours = 2.5

This course is divided into two modules: Module 1: Guardrail Installation Systems and Placement covers 27- and 31-in. guardrail heights. The sections of a guardrail are discussed, as well as considerations for guardrail placement, including depth, soil support, deflection, etc. The considerations for median barriers are also explained. Module 2: New Guardrail Installation Inspection describes guardrail inspection and explains what should be documented along the way. Scenarios are presented for various guardrail installation situations.

**Maintenance and Repair**
Learning Hours = 2

This course provides information on the correct procedures for the maintenance and repair of guardrails.

**TC3 High Visibility Garments**
Learning Hours = 1

The need to be seen is critical for worker safety, especially for workers who perform tasks on or near moving vehicles or equipment. By wearing high-visibility garments, workers can draw attention to themselves to prevent injuries and fatalities from struck-by hazards in complex work environments, when the ability to be seen at all times is necessary.
**TC3 HMA Paving Field Inspection**  
Learning Hours = 4.5

This training provides guidance and instruction to inspectors involved in the construction of hot mix asphalt (HMA) pavements. The important tasks involved in this work are explained and proper procedures are described. This training is arranged in a fashion to help the inspector first learn the various aspects of what is involved in a HMA paving operation and then become familiar with the duties that are a part of the HMA pavement grade inspection responsibilities. It also explains how to recognize the mix properties of a HMA mixture.

**TC3 Hazardous Materials Management Series**

**Introduction to the Initial Site Assessment (ISA) Process**  
Learning Hours = 1

The initial site assessment (ISA) is used to identify and evaluate the potential for hazardous material to affect a project. This course provides an introduction to the ISA process and offers definitions and acronyms for commonly used terms associated with hazardous material management.

**Regulatory and Legal Issues**  
Learning Hours = 1

This course covers the regulatory and legal issues involved in hazardous material management. To better understand the initial site assessment (ISA) process, it is important to be familiar with the environmental laws, regulations, and guidance related to this field. While there are several, this lesson covers just the major ones. Some of the Federal regulations that are covered include the Clean Air Act (CAA), the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA), and the Clean Water Act (CWA).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Learning Hours</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Defining Site Assessments</td>
<td>.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not all hazardous materials investigations are the same. This course familiarizes participants with various site assessment types and the initial site assessment (ISA) Standard of Uniformity (SOU).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Completing the Initial Site Assessment (ISA) Report Scoping Process</td>
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<tr>
<td>All projects must include an initial site assessment (ISA) in varying levels. This course will cover the first three sections of the ISA report: Section 1, which is for identifying previously known hazmat conditions and preliminary project design and right-of-way requirements; Section 2, which is for identifying potential hazardous material issues; and Section 3, which is for the identification of data collection actions.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Land Use Concerns</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>This course addresses existing and previous land use information, and links environmental hazards to existing and previous land use through the review of photographs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Using Regulatory Agency Databases</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>This course reviews regulatory agency databases, database characteristics, and Section 5, regulatory records review, of the initial site assessment (ISA) report.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Conducting Field Interviews</td>
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<tr>
<td>This series has covered record research and databases, but now it’s time to discuss going into the field and verifying information. This course will also cover the examination of unknown hazards on a project. Additionally, participants will learn about site surveys, interviews, and identified hazardous material concerns.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preparing NEPA Documentation</td>
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<tr>
<td>This course provides information on communicating with consultants, determining what is needed for the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) document, and NEPA document types. It also includes a review of hazardous materials.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preparing Recommendation and Action Plans</td>
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<tr>
<td>This course prepares participants for ongoing commitments, beyond the NEPA document and environmental clearance. This course addresses the purpose of the Phase II environmental site assessment (ESA) and explains what should happen when hazardous materials cannot be eliminated from a project. Lastly, ongoing environmental management is discussed.</td>
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<tr>
<td>TC3 Hot In Place Recycling (HIR)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hot in-place recycling (HIR) is a pavement preservation and corrective maintenance technique that consists of heating and softening the existing asphalt pavement. When combined with an asphalt overlay, HIR can be classified as structural rehabilitation. The HIR techniques described in this training provide owner agencies with cost-effective and sustainable methods to repair their aging pavements. HIR processes have been used on all functional classes of roadways. When properly designed, specified, and constructed, HIR methods can result in significant cost savings as compared to conventional maintenance operations, while reducing carbon dioxide emissions.</td>
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</table>
**TC3 Improving the Daily Diary**
Learning Hours = 1

This training is intended to assist you with proper documentation on a construction or maintenance project. It is important that the information in the daily diary kept for projects are accurate, correct, and factual to ensure proper payment and to avoid lawsuits. Please note that the terminology may differ slightly from DOT to DOT; for example, the document may also be referred to as a daily work report. Each state agency/company has their own requirements, which the viewer needs to review and follow.

**TC3 Inspection of Concrete Pavement Repair, Jointed and CRCP**
Learning Hours = 2.5

This course introduces the inspection of concrete highway repairs, particularly those repairs involving jointed and continuously reinforced concrete pavement (CRCP). The course includes key concepts involved in the successful inspection of concrete highway repairs, including concrete repair options and mixtures, quality assurance practices, jointed pavement and CRCP inspection checks, as well as preventative maintenance inspection.

**TC3 Inspector Training for Cold In Place Recycling (CIR)**
Learning Hours = 4

Cold in-place Recycling (CIR) is a method of reconstructing any flexible pavement where the need arises from structural failures. These failures include transverse cracking, wheel rutting, potholes, surface irregularities, or a combination of these. The proper selection of a CIR process, in conjunction with good specifications and quality construction, are all important in the long-term performance of the pavement rehabilitation. This series on CIR will introduce each method and provide a background on when, how, and why that method is selected/used.

**TC3 Instructor Preparation**
Learning Hours = 3

This course aims to help instructors build their skills and confidence by providing the tools and awareness necessary to be the most effective.

**TC3 Intelligent Compaction**
Learning Hours = 2

This process is needed to reach the desired, uniform density, which in turn ensures longer-lasting support, stability, and strength. This course aims to teach construction personnel on the benefits, use, and interpretation of intelligent compaction data. To maximize the benefit of intelligent compaction, a number of construction personnel need to be involved in the collection, use, and interpretation of the data.

**TC3 Introduction to e-Construction**
Learning Hours = 2

Introduction to e-Construction provides an overview of what e-construction is, including information on the construction processes using e-construction, the benefits of e-construction, potential obstacles and solutions, and how to get started.

**TC3 Job Hazard Analysis**
Learning Hours = 2

This course reviews what a job hazard analysis is and why it should be performed. More specifically, this course identifies the information that should be documented during a job hazard analysis and provides example jobs and potential hazards that may be encountered.

**TC3 Maintenance and Tort Liability**
Learning Hours = 1.5

This course aims to provide an overview of highway maintenance, as it relates to tort liability. The course will cover general definitions of legal terminology and liability proceedings that are typical of many State DOTs. The course will not cover definitions, procedures, and activities that would be State-specific, but will instead aim to serve as a foundation for these discussions and training activities at the State level.

**TC3 Maintenance of Drainage Features for Safety**
Learning Hours = 1

This course highlights common roadway drainage problems that can cause an unsafe condition and suggests inspection methods and corrective action. Maintaining roadway drainage is important for safety and for ensuring the long life of the roadway as it prevents erosion of the roadway, saturation of the subbase, and damage to roadway structures.

**TC3 Maintenance of Traffic for Supervisors**
Learning Hours = 5

The Maintenance of Traffic for Supervisors training presents information about the placement of, field maintenance required for, and inspection of traffic control devices. In addition, drafting work zone traffic control plans and flagging are discussed. This training focuses on the design of a traffic control plan, and how and why it’s needed in the work zone.

**TC3 Maintenance of Traffic for Technicians**
Learning Hours = 5

The Maintenance of Traffic for Technicians training presents information about the placement of, field maintenance required for, and inspection of traffic control devices. In addition, drafting work zone traffic control plans and flagger operations are discussed.
TC3 Maintenance Stormwater Field Guide
Training
Learning Hours = 3

This course is based on the Maintenance Stormwater Field Guide. It covers topics related to best management practice inspection, common operational practices, good housekeeping, and other pollution source control measures. Using the tips in this course and the related guide will help in complying with Federal and State regulations for stormwater quality. It will also help achieve a greater level of environmental stewardship.

TC3 Maintenance Training Series

Base and Subbase Stabilization and Repair
Learning Hours = 1

Reviews the failures and distresses that indicate structural deterioration exists in a roadway. The course also covers project selection and trade-off considerations through example roadway projects that give participants the opportunity to evaluate a roadway and determine if it is a candidate for reconstruction or repair. Participants can use this information, as well as guidance on design and construction, to make sound project planning decisions.

Basics of Work Zone Traffic Control
Learning Hours = 1

Meeting the national requirements for work zone traffic control is a critically important responsibility of maintenance personnel. The national requirements, found in Part 6 of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), promote driver and worker safety during roadway maintenance projects. This training provides an introduction to the requirements outlined in Part 6 of the 2009 MUTCD. The course also offers an overview of the manual's structure and requirements regarding traffic control devices and their applications, flagging operations and procedures, and pedestrian and worker safety.

Cultural and Historic Preservation
Learning Hours = 1

Cultural and historic sites are often located within an area where maintenance activities are scheduled to be completed. This training teaches participants about regulations and concerns related to safeguarding cultural and historic sites from the potential impacts of highway maintenance activities. Examples of maintenance activities that can impact such sites include slope stabilization, shoulder or pavement widening, and vegetation control. Additional examples are presented during the course.

Outdoor Advertising
Learning Hours = 1

Participants of this course will learn about the rules and regulations for maintaining and controlling outdoor advertising, guidance on administering an outdoor advertising program, the steps involved in the permitting process, and appropriate actions for non-compliance by sign owners. Additionally, participants are encouraged to compare the standards outlined in the HBA to their State's rules and regulations, which may include stricter provisions than those in the HBA.

Pavement Preservation Program
Learning Hours = 1

Pavement preservation represents a major paradigm shift in the way many transportation agencies view and operate their highway networks. The Pavement Preservation Program course provides basic information on what comprises a pavement preservation program and how it is implemented. It places particular emphasis on changes in practice and the assignment of dedicated funding. Additionally, this course covers the benefits and challenges of a preservation program, as well as approaches to communicating its advantages to stakeholders.

Roadside Vegetation Management
Learning Hours = 1

Vegetation management is much more than routine mowing of grass and trimming of bushes and trees. The Roadside Vegetation Management course explains the need for, and purpose of, good vegetation management. The course also underscores why vegetation management is a critical part of a roadway maintenance program. Participants of this course will learn about equipment and herbicides used for vegetation management, including an overview of mechanical vegetation control and the environmental controls and precautions needed when using herbicides as part of a noxious weed control program.

Roadway Drainage
Learning Hours = 1

This course reviews the components of shoulders and ditches, the purpose of a roadway drainage inventory, and the permits used in roadway drainage maintenance. Examples of existing drainage inventories are provided. In addition, the benefits of proper water removal are discussed through examples of drainage system issues, such as ponding and washouts, in order to emphasize the connection between good drainage and roadway safety.

Shaping and Shoulders
Learning Hours = 1.5

Shoulders play an important role in both pavement performance and roadway safety. Maintaining shoulders in a proper and timely manner is a primary goal of transportation agencies. In an effort to assist agencies in meeting this goal, the Shaping and Shoulders course provides information on the maintenance of both paved and unpaved shoulders, including specific details on the maintenance of gravel shoulders.
Thin HMA Overlays and Leveling
Learning Hours = 1

Thin hot-mix asphalt (HMA) overlays and leveling are common pavement treatments and can be a central part of a maintenance crew’s activities. During the Thin HMA Overlays and Leveling course, participants will be introduced to the characteristics and purposes of thin HMA overlays as well as the placement of leveling courses. Each of these techniques is capable of improving the functionality of an otherwise structurally sound pavement.

Underground Storage Tanks
Learning Hours = 1

The nation’s underground storage tank (UST) systems consist of underground tanks and piping that store petroleum and other hazardous materials. This course addresses the procedures to install, operate, and remove USTs. Developed specifically for maintenance personnel, this course provides participants with an understanding of the Federal laws and regulations that govern UST systems. During the course, participants acquire the knowledge needed to successfully oversee UST installations and closures. Specifically, the course explores the requirements of industry installation and closure codes, leakage detection, spill and overfill prevention, corrosion protection, and ensuring a “clean” closure.

Weather-related Operations
Learning Hours = 1

Participants of this course will learn about the planning requirements for an effective storm response, including scheduling and training personnel, identifying equipment needs, executing dry runs, and the additional requirements posed by a multi-day storm event. This training assists participants with planning and responding effectively to all weather-related operations.

TC3 Managing Critical Path Method (CPM)
Scheduling
Learning Hours = 3

This course focuses on schedule review and management. It also explores more advanced concepts related to critical path schedules, including determining if the schedule makes sense, identifying red flags, and realizing and mitigating risks before the baseline schedule is reviewed. This course goes beyond the black and white of CPM schedules and looks at how the contractor is approaching the job and if the schedule is set up for a successful project.

TC3 Materials Testing: Reducing Aggregate Sampling
Learning Hours = 1

The Materials Testing and Reducing Aggregate Samples course will cover the two methods for splitting a sample: using a mechanical splitter and quartering. The purpose of these procedures is to reduce large samples of aggregate to the appropriate size for testing. The end product should be a sample that is representative of the source.

TC3 Math Basics for Construction Inspectors
Learning Hours = 1.5

This course presents math instruction for construction inspectors in context. Instead of solving abstract math problems, participants will immerse themselves in typical inspection roles and learn how to approach math problems as they would in the real world.

TC3 Math Basics for Materials Technicians
Learning Hours = 3

This course presents math instruction for materials technicians in context. Instead of solving abstract math problems, participants will immerse themselves in typical materials technician roles and learn how to approach math problems as they would in the real world.

TC3 Math Basics Series for Highway Technicians: Introductory Math Concepts
Learning Hours = 3.5

The Math Basics Series for Highway Technicians has been designed to provide you with all of the basic math concepts you’ll need on the job. The series provides participants with a basic math review (including a review of using a calculator, basic arithmetic addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, as well as reviewing order of operations, decimals, and fractions), and then presents math instruction in context. Instead of solving abstract math problems, participants will immerse themselves in typical construction-related roles and learn how to approach math problems as they would in the real world. There are 11 modules that make up this series each of which explains an introductory math concept in a quick, interactive micro-learning experience. These modules occasionally reference one another and build upon previously explained math concepts. Its recommended that you start from the beginning and take all the modules in order.

TC3 Math Module
Learning Hours = 6

The Math Module reviews basics such as math functions, algebra, and geometry. This course includes instruction that would be applicable to variety of end users. The basic math functions would be appropriate to the entry level technician or as a review. The more complex areas of algebra and geometry would be appropriate for the more advanced technician.
## TC3 Micropile
**Learning Hours = 2.5**

This course instructs those in the construction industry on the installation and inspection of micropile, focusing on the inspection checkpoints during the installation process.

## TC3 NEPA Indirect and Cumulative Impact Analysis
**Learning Hours = 2**

This course provides a step-by-step overview of both the indirect and cumulative impact analyses. The difference between indirect and cumulative impact is discussed, and common terms used in both processes are reviewed.

## TC3 NEPA Overview Series

### Determining Transportation Needs
**Learning Hours = 1**

This course explains the NEPA principles as they relate to transportation development, including planning and decision making.

### Evaluating Sub-Regional and Local Transportation Needs
**Learning Hours = 1**

The two main types of transportation needs are discussed, as well as how to properly prioritize them. Communicating these needs through need, purpose, and project concept and scope documents is also covered in this course.

### Launching a Project
**Learning Hours = 1**

This course focuses on launching a project, and specifically what’s needed to obtain environmental clearances. It includes sample lists of permits that may be required as well as typical types of information that need to be determined in the project launch process.

### Refining Alternatives
**Learning Hours = 1**

This course discusses the balance of improving mobility and protecting the environment. Important aspects of the NEPA process are covered, as well as aspects that need to be reviewed when refining alternatives.

### Preparing and Reviewing NEPA Documents
**Learning Hours = 1**

This course covers the preparation of National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) documents, including a review of the environmental analysis (EA) process. Best practices to follow when reviewing an EA document are also covered. This is the fifth course in the NEPA Overview series.

### Final Stages and Re-evaluation
**Learning Hours = 1**

Depending on your project, you may be working on a categorical exclusion (CE), environmental assessment (EA), environmental impact statement (EIS), or a record of decision (ROD). Each one of these documents has somewhat different submittal, approval, and review requirements and processes, which are all covered in detail in this course. This course also covers any additional re-evaluations you may come across. This is the sixth and final course in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Overview series.

## TC3 PCC Pavement Preservation Series

### Concrete Overlays
**Learning Hours = 2**

This module discusses how preventative maintenance impacts pavement preservation, good candidates for preservation, and the benefits to pavement preservation.

### Concrete Pavement Evaluation
**Learning Hours = 2**

This module also describes the common procedures associated with conducting thorough pavement evaluations.

### Diamond Grinding and Grooving
**Learning Hours = 1**

This module describes recommended procedures for surface restoration of Portland cement concrete (PCC) pavements, specifically diamond grinding and diamond grooving operations.

### Full Depth Repairs
**Learning Hours = 2**

This module covers the procedures for cast-in-place Portland cement concrete (PCC) full-depth repair (FDR) of jointed concrete pavements (JCP), including jointed plain concrete pavements (JPCP) and jointed reinforced concrete pavements (JRCP). FDR techniques for continuously reinforced concrete pavements (CRCP) are discussed separately toward the end of the presentation.

### Joint Resealing and Crack Sealing
**Learning Hours = 1**

This module covers joint resealing and crack sealing for concrete pavements. Joint resealing and crack sealing is defined as placement of an approved sealant material in an existing joint or crack to reduce moisture infiltration and prevent intrusion of incompressibles.

### Load Transfer Restoration
**Learning Hours = 1**

This module presents design and construction information on load transfer restoration (LTR), sometimes referred to as retrofitted load transfer. This course explains the difference between load transfer restoration (a generic term) and dowel bar retrofitting (DBR), which is a specific means of achieving LTR. There are other methods available, but DBR is the most proven.
Partial-Depth Repairs
Learning Hours = 1
This module covers the procedures for partial-depth repairs (PDR) on Portland cement concrete (PCC) pavements. PDR is the removal and replacement of small, shallow areas of deteriorated PCC at spalled or distressed joints.

Preventive Maintenance and Pavement Preservation Concepts
Learning Hours = 1
This module discusses how preventative maintenance impacts pavement preservation, good candidates for preservation, and the benefits to pavement preservation.

Retrofitted Edge Drains
Learning Hours = 1
This module presents design and construction information on retrofitted edge drains. This treatment is not as widely used as it once was, largely because it has limited applicability. Specifically, it must be targeted to those pavements that are 1) in good structural condition and 2) have bases with some degree of permeability that would allow water to be drained from beneath the pavement and to the edge drain.

Slab Stabilization and Slab Jacking
Learning Hours = 1
This module covers the use of slab stabilization (also known as undersealing) and slab jacking of concrete pavements. Slab stabilization restores support beneath slabs where voids have been detected, and slab jacking is used to raise depressed or settled slabs.

Strategy Selection
Learning Hours = 1
This module provides guidance on the selection of concrete pavement preservation strategies. Based on a collective review of a number of recent published documents, this module covers the seven-step process that can be used to determine the most appropriate treatment (or combination of treatments) for a Portland cement concrete (PCC) pavement.

TC3 Personal Protective Equipment
Learning Hours = 1
The Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) course provides students with the knowledge and skills necessary for proper care and use of PPE.

TC3 Pile Driving Inspector Tutorial
Learning Hours = 4
This course is designed to help participants prepare for the Pile Driving Inspector’s Qualification Test. It was developed by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) and adapted for general use by TC3. Inside you will find information on various topics that are necessary for a pile inspector to know. From the pile driving system to the inspector’s role and responsibilities, there is a wealth of information presented in this tutorial that will provide you with the knowledge and tools to complete the qualification process.

TC3 Pipe Installation, Inspection, and Quality
Learning Hours = 7
This training provides an in-depth view of the basic materials used in pipe construction. The course modules will address the different types of pipe as well as the foundation work, bedding selection, placement, joint sealants, backfilling and documentation for concrete, metal and plastic pipe. The information in this training will help transportation professionals involved in the installation, inspection, and quality of pipe on highway construction projects improve their understanding of the factors that contribute to high-quality installations.

TC3 Plan Reading Series
Bridge Plans
Learning Hours = 1.5
The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training reviews, the information found in a bridge plan.

County Plans
Learning Hours = 1
The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training reviews, the information found in a county plan for a highway project.

Culvert Plans
Learning Hours = 1.5
The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training reviews, the information found in a culvert plan.

Erosion and Sediment Control Plans
Learning Hours = .5
The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training reviews, the information found in the Erosion and Sediment Control Plans (sheets that begin with "D") section of a highway plan.

Grading Plans
Learning Hours = 1.5
The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training reviews, the information found in the Grading Plans (sheets that begin with "B") section of a highway plan.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Learning Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Highway Plan Reading Basics</strong></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training describes the foundational information needed to begin reading and understanding highway plans. This includes an overview of the title page and its components, station numbers, townships, and quantity estimates.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Right-of-Way Plans** | 1 |
| The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training reviews, the information found in right-of-way plans for a highway project. |

| **Traffic Control Plans** | .5 |
| The ability to read plans is essential for anyone involved in highway and/or bridge construction. This training reviews, the information found in the Traffic Control Plans (sheets that begin with "C") section of a highway plan. |

| **TC3 Portland Cement Concrete Paving Inspection** | 5 |
| This course has been prepared to provide guidance and instruction to inspectors involved in the construction of Portland cement concrete (PCC) pavements. The important tasks involved in this work are explained and proper procedures are described. |

| **TC3 Preventative Maintenance Concepts for State Fleet Operations** | 3.5 |
| This course focuses on preventative maintenance (PM) programs for equipment fleet operations, which involve a systematic and proactive schedule of work that provides inspection, detection, and correction. PM programs are the key element in supporting a cost-effective fleet operation. These programs reduce equipment operating and ownership costs by minimizing unscheduled catastrophic repairs, equipment downtimes, and loss of operational productivity. |

| **TC3 Quality Assurance Series** | |
| **Introduction to Quality Assurance Programs** | 1 |
| Quality assurance (QA) and quality management are umbrella terms that relate to all aspects of producing and accepting a quality product. QA is comprised of quality control and acceptance and encompasses those activities that ensure the quality of the product is what it should be. There are many definitions of quality and QA can be accomplished in many ways. QA is one component of quality management, which is key to the success of any project. |

| **Introduction to Quality Assurance Specifications** | 1 |
| Specifications complement project plans and serve an important purpose in constructing a quality project. They are intended to ensure that the requirements of the agency have been met and they detail particular requirements for each project. Specifications provide the agency with a standard set of procedures for managing and executing a project, and they serve as written standards for the work items to be completed by the contractor. |

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| **Introduction to Variability** | .5 |
| This course is very important as it introduces one of the most misunderstood aspects of highway materials and construction. We know from experience that variability exists; it is all around us. In fact, constancy is an exception. However, when it comes to highway materials and construction, our minds seek constancy and uniformity. |

| **Collecting Data Through Sampling** | 1 |
| Specifications guide the acceptance of materials by quantifying the risk we are willing to assume. We use data from samples to indicate how close to "normal" or acceptable the materials are. There is variability in all materials, and in sampling and testing as well. This course, Collecting Data Through Sampling, provides an understanding of the basic elements of a statistically-based QA program and includes an introduction to quality assurance as well as techniques for collecting data. |

| **Frequency Tables and Histograms** | .5 |
| This course covers the second phase of statistical analysis: organizing data. Statistics is a process where the data are organized in a meaningful way to understand trends, consistency, and variability. Organizing data provides information for writing and evaluating specifications and assembling data into systematic groups or classifications from which logical conclusions can be drawn. |

| **TC3 Quality Assurance Programs** | 1 |
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| **TC3 Quality Management Systems** | 2.5 |
| This course covers the activities involved in establishing and implementing a laboratory quality management system based on AASHTO R 18. The course content covers both the management and technical requirements. |
TC3 Recognizing Roadside Weeds
Learning Hours = 1

The first step in determining an appropriate weed control strategy is to identify the weed plant. There are numerous plants growing along many roadsides that can be considered weeds. This is a basic course in the area of weed identification. Most weeds are territorial to different climates and regions, therefore, it is difficult to nationally identify weeds that are dealt with by different State DOTs.

TC3 Removal and Replacement of Bridge Coatings
Learning Hours = 1

This course encourages a better understanding of the process to completely remove and replace bridge coatings for the structural steel elements of bridges in service. This training emphasizes containment, surface preparation, and painting. The structural steel for a bridge is painted primarily to resist corrosion but can also be painted for aesthetic purposes.

TC3 Revegetation During Construction
Learning Hours = 1.5

This training provides information on topsoil, compost, sodding and seeding for erosion control, fertilizer, watering, and soil retention blankets. This course covers the fundamental principles necessary to ensure successful revegetation and describes the most common revegetation methods used in the field. Lastly, the role of the inspector on revegetation projects is discussed.

TC3 Rockfall Stabilization
Learning Hours = 4

This course will introduce the key concepts in rockfall stabilization, including tools and methods used in stabilization and reinforcement. The purpose of this course is to familiarize the construction inspector with current techniques utilized in stabilizing rock slopes with respect to rockfall.

TC3 Roller Compacted Concrete Pavement
Learning Hours = 6

The Roller Compacted Concrete (RCC) Pavements course provides detailed overviews of RCC properties and materials, mixture proportioning, structural design issues, and production and construction considerations, plus troubleshooting guidelines and an extensive reference list for more comprehensive information.

TC3 Safe Use of Basic Carpentry Tools
Learning Hours = 3

Carpentry tools are a common part of our day-to-day lives and are present in nearly every industry. These tools help us to easily perform tasks that otherwise would be difficult or impossible. On the other hand, these simple tools can be hazardous and have the potential for causing severe injuries when used or maintained improperly. Special attention toward carpentry tool safety is necessary in order to reduce or eliminate these hazards.

TC3 Safe Use of Hand and Power Operated Tools
Learning Hours = 1

Hand and power tools are a common part of our day-to-day lives and are present in nearly every industry. These tools help us to easily perform tasks that otherwise would be difficult or impossible. On the other hand, these simple tools can be hazardous and have the potential for causing severe injuries when used or maintained improperly. Special attention toward hand and power tool safety is necessary in order to reduce or eliminate these hazards.

TC3 Safety Orientation
Learning Hours = 2

This training provides a general safety awareness orientation. Remember the motto: “Do it safely, or don't do it!” Prevention of injury and safeguarding health is the responsibility of everyone—both management and employees. The safety and health of employees is the overriding concern in all phases of operations.

TC3 Shop Drawings
Learning Hours = 1

This course focuses on the foundational information needed to begin reading and understanding shop drawings. This includes an overview of the title page and its components, the bill of materials, including quantities and dimensions of materials.

TC3 Superpave for Construction
Learning Hours = 3.5

The Superpave for Construction course contains information for field construction personnel on the Superpave mix design system and the control of field-produced hot mix asphalt (HMA). The first module introduces Superpave HMA design testing and analysis. It covers design testing procedures, design analysis methods, and includes calculations to analyze the volumetrics of paving samples. Module 2 covers relevant volumetric examples, including the use of phase diagrams to calculate volumetric properties.

TC3 Superpave Mix Design Process and Analysis
Learning Hours = 2

This training will give hot mix asphalt (HMA) materials engineers and/or materials technicians a better understanding of Superpave mix design process and analysis. The training will also give a better understanding of volumetrics for those who perform mix designs (typically technicians) and those who analyze the data (typically engineers). Module 1: Mix Design. This module will describe the design of asphalt concrete mix and how Superpave mix design is analyzed. Module 2: Volumetrics. This module will cover asphalt mixture volumetrics and volumetric properties using phase diagrams.
TC3 Test Self-Consolidating Concrete
Learning Hours = 1

This training includes an overview of the fresh properties of self-consolidating concrete (SCC), including terminology, target guidelines, and quality control. In addition, the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) test methods for slump flow and flow rate, passing ability using the j-ring, column segregation, static segregation and making SCC test cylinders are reviewed.

TC3 Thin Polymer Bridge Deck Overlay Systems
Learning Hours = 1

The Thin-Polymer Bridge Deck Overlay Systems course was developed to give the user a better understanding of the use of thin-polymer overlay (TPO) systems for the preservation of concrete bridge decks.

TC3 Transportation Asset Management Overview
Learning Hours = 2

This training explains the basics of asset management and why it is important. This training will provide new terms and new ways of thinking about what you’re already doing. More importantly, you’ll understand why it’s so important to be strategic and systematic when you’re responsible for managing huge numbers of assets.

TC3 Trenchless Technology
Learning Hours = 5.5

This course is ideal for individuals with new positions or needing a refresher in using and working with trenchless technology. This course also serves as an introduction for engineers that are not familiar with trenchless technology. Project members that are responsible for writing and submitting permits for trenchless technology on projects may also benefit from this course.

TC3 Understanding Materials Testing for Inspectors
Learning Hours = 5

This course provides an introduction to materials testing for inspectors and entry-level quality assurance (QA) personnel. It provides basic information about testing including roles, types of test procedures, and who should test. It also discusses the type/purpose of tests related to soils, aggregates, asphalt, concrete, and other non-field tests, and what different test results tell us. Lastly, this training provides information on potential problems that may be encountered in the field, and how to address those issues.

TC3 Warm Mix Asphalt
Learning Hours = 2

This course briefly describes the production process of warm mix asphalt as it compares to hot mix asphalt, as well the financial and environmental benefits of warm mix asphalt, and what inspectors should look for during plant production.